2011 Florida Statutes

Chapter 509	View
LODGING AND FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS;	<u>Entire</u>
MEMBERSHIP CAMPGROUNDS	<u>Chapter</u>
	LODGING AND FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS;

http://www.flsenate.gov/Laws/Statutes/2011/Chapter509/All

509.013 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(1) "Division" means the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

(2) "Operator" means the owner, licensee, proprietor, lessee, manager, assistant manager, or appointed agent of a public lodging establishment or public food service establishment.

(3) "Guest" means any patron, customer, tenant, lodger, boarder, or occupant of a public lodging establishment or public food service establishment.

(4)(a) "Public lodging establishment" includes a transient public lodging establishment as defined in subparagraph 1. and a nontransient public lodging establishment as defined in subparagraph 2.

1. "Transient public lodging establishment" means any unit, group of units, dwelling, building, or group of buildings within a single complex of buildings which is rented to guests more than three times in a calendar year for periods of less than 30 days or 1 calendar month, whichever is less, or which is advertised or held out to the public as a place regularly rented to guests.

2. "Nontransient public lodging establishment" means any unit, group of units, dwelling, building, or group of buildings within a single complex of buildings which is rented to guests for periods of at least 30 days or 1 calendar month, whichever is less, or which is advertised or held out to the public as a place regularly rented to guests for periods of at least 30 days or 1 calendar month.

License classifications of public lodging establishments, and the definitions therefor, are set out in s. <u>509.242</u>. For the purpose of licensure, the term does not include condominium common elements as defined in s. <u>718.103</u>.

(b) The following are excluded from the definitions in paragraph (a):

1. Any dormitory or other living or sleeping facility maintained by a public or private school, college, or university for the use of students, faculty, or visitors;

2. Any facility certified or licensed and regulated by the Agency for Health Care Administration or the Department of Children and Family Services or other similar place regulated under s. <u>381.0072</u>;

3. Any place renting four rental units or less, unless the rental units are advertised or held out to the public to be places that are regularly rented to transients;

4. Any unit or group of units in a condominium, cooperative, or timeshare plan and any individually or collectively owned one-family, two-family, three-family, or four-family dwelling house or dwelling unit that is rented for periods of at least 30 days or 1 calendar month, whichever is less, and that is not advertised or held out to the public as a place regularly rented for periods of less than 1 calendar month, provided that no more than four rental units within a single complex of buildings are available for rent;

5. Any migrant labor camp or residential migrant housing permitted by the Department of Health under ss. <u>381.008-381.00895</u>;

6. Any establishment inspected by the Department of Health and regulated by chapter 513; and

7. Any nonprofit organization that operates a facility providing housing only to patients, patients' families, and patients' caregivers and not to the general public.

(5)(a) "Public food service establishment" means any building, vehicle, place, or structure, or any room or division in a building, vehicle, place, or structure where food is prepared, served, or sold for immediate consumption on or in the vicinity of the premises; called for or taken out by customers; or prepared prior to being delivered to another location for consumption.

(b) The following are excluded from the definition in paragraph (a):

1. Any place maintained and operated by a public or private school, college, or university:

a. For the use of students and faculty; or

b. Temporarily to serve such events as fairs, carnivals, and athletic contests.

2. Any eating place maintained and operated by a church or a religious, nonprofit fraternal, or nonprofit civic organization:

a. For the use of members and associates; or

b. Temporarily to serve such events as fairs, carnivals, or athletic contests.

3. Any eating place located on an airplane, train, bus, or watercraft which is a common carrier.

4. Any eating place maintained by a facility certified or licensed and regulated by the Agency for Health Care Administration or the Department of Children and Family Services or other similar place that is regulated under s. <u>381.0072</u>.

5. Any place of business issued a permit or inspected by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services under s. <u>500.12</u>.

6. Any place of business where the food available for consumption is limited to ice, beverages with or without garnishment, popcorn, or prepackaged items sold without additions or preparation.

7. Any theater, if the primary use is as a theater and if patron service is limited to food items customarily served to the admittees of theaters.

8. Any vending machine that dispenses any food or beverages other than potentially hazardous foods, as defined by division rule.

9. Any vending machine that dispenses potentially hazardous food and which is located in a facility regulated under s. <u>381.0072</u>.

10. Any research and development test kitchen limited to the use of employees and which is not open to the general public.

(6) "Director" means the Director of the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

(7) "Single complex of buildings" means all buildings or structures that are owned, managed, controlled, or operated under one business name and are situated on the same tract or plot of land that is not separated by a public street or highway.

(8) "Temporary food service event" means any event of 30 days or less in duration where food is prepared, served, or sold to the general public.

(9) "Theme park or entertainment complex" means a complex comprised of at least 25 contiguous acres owned and controlled by the same business entity and which contains permanent exhibitions and a variety of recreational activities and has a minimum of 1 million visitors annually.

(10) "Third-party provider" means, for purposes of s. <u>509.049</u>, any provider of an approved food safety training program that provides training or such a training program to a public food service establishment that is not under common ownership or control with the provider.

(11) "Transient establishment" means any public lodging establishment that is rented or leased to guests by an operator whose intention is that such guests' occupancy will be temporary.

(12) "Transient occupancy" means occupancy when it is the intention of the parties that the occupancy will be temporary. There is a rebuttable presumption that, when the dwelling unit occupied is not the sole residence of the guest, the occupancy is transient.

(13) "Transient" means a guest in transient occupancy.

(14) "Nontransient establishment" means any public lodging establishment that is rented or leased to guests by an operator whose intention is that the dwelling unit occupied will be the sole residence of the guest.

(15) "Nontransient occupancy" means occupancy when it is the intention of the parties that the occupancy will not be temporary. There is a rebuttable presumption that, when the dwelling unit occupied is the sole residence of the guest, the occupancy is nontransient.

(16) "Nontransient" means a guest in nontransient occupancy.

History.—s. 1, ch. 73-325; s. 3, ch. 76-168; s. 1, ch. 77-457; ss. 1, 39, 42, ch. 79-240; ss. 3, 4, ch. 81-161; ss. 2, 3, ch. 81-318; s. 2, ch. 83-241; s. 3, ch. 87-117; s. 31, ch. 88-90; s. 2, ch. 88-275; ss. 2, 51, 52, ch. 90-339; s. 1, ch. 91-40; s. 4, ch. 91-429; s. 21, ch. 92-180; s. 1, ch. 93-53; s. 14, ch. 93-133; s. 36, ch. 94-180; s. 202, ch. 94-218; s. 42, ch. 95-210; s. 3, ch. 95-314; s. 2, ch. 96-384; s. 245, ch. 99-8; s. 7, ch. 2004-292; s. 1, ch. 2008-55; s. 25, ch. 2010-161; s. 1, ch. 2011-119.

2011 Florida Statutes

<u>Title XXXIII</u>	Chapter 509	View
REGULATION OF TRADE, COMMERCE,	LODGING AND FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS;	<u>Entire</u>
INVESTMENTS, AND SOLICITATIONS	MEMBERSHIP CAMPGROUNDS	<u>Chapter</u>

http://www.flsenate.gov/Laws/Statutes/2011/Chapter509/All

509.242 Public lodging establishments; classifications.-

(1) A public lodging establishment shall be classified as a hotel, motel, nontransient apartment, transient apartment, roominghouse, bed and breakfast inn, or vacation rental if the establishment satisfies the following criteria:

(a) *Hotel*.—A hotel is any public lodging establishment containing sleeping room accommodations for 25 or more guests and providing the services generally provided by a hotel and recognized as a hotel in the community in which it is situated or by the industry.

(b) *Motel.*—A motel is any public lodging establishment which offers rental units with an exit to the outside of each rental unit, daily or weekly rates, offstreet parking for each unit, a central office on the property with specified hours of operation, a bathroom or connecting bathroom for each rental unit, and at least six rental units, and which is recognized as a motel in the community in which it is situated or by the industry.

¹(c) *Vacation rental.*—A vacation rental is any unit or group of units in a condominium, cooperative, or timeshare plan or any individually or collectively owned single-family, two-family, or four-family house or dwelling unit that is also a transient public lodging establishment.

(d) *Nontransient apartment or roominghouse.*—A nontransient apartment or roominghouse is a building or complex of buildings in which 75 percent or more of the units are available for rent to nontransient tenants.

(e) *Transient apartment or roominghouse.*—A transient apartment or roominghouse is a building or complex of buildings in which more than 25 percent of the units are advertised or held out to the public as available for transient occupancy.

(f) *Roominghouse.*—A roominghouse is any public lodging establishment that may not be classified as a hotel, motel, nontransient apartment, bed and breakfast inn, vacation rental, or transient apartment under this section. A roominghouse includes, but is not limited to, a boardinghouse.

(g) Bed and breakfast inn.—A bed and breakfast inn is a family home structure, with no more than 15 sleeping rooms, which has been modified to serve as a transient public lodging establishment, which provides the accommodation and meal services generally offered by a bed and breakfast inn, and which

is recognized as a bed and breakfast inn in the community in which it is situated or by the hospitality industry.

(2) If 25 percent or more of the units in any public lodging establishment fall within a classification different from the classification under which the establishment is licensed, such establishment shall obtain a separate license for the classification representing the 25 percent or more units which differ from the classification under which the establishment is licensed.

(3) A public lodging establishment may advertise or display signs which advertise a specific classification, if it has received a license which is applicable to the specific classification and it fulfills the requirements of that classification.

History.—s. 2, ch. 57-824; s. 2, ch. 61-81; ss. 16, 35, ch. 69-106; s. 3, ch. 76-168; s. 1, ch. 77-457; ss. 19, 39, 42, ch. 79-240; ss. 3, 4, ch. 81-161; ss. 2, 3, ch. 81-318; ss. 26, 51, 52, ch. 90-339; s. 11, ch. 91-40; s. 4, ch. 91-429; s. 9, ch. 93-53; s. 12, ch. 96-384; s. 7, ch. 2008-55; s. 5, ch. 2011-119.

¹Note.—Section 5, H.B. 883, referenced "three-family" as well as single-family, two-family, and four-family dwelling houses; the term "three-family" was omitted when C.S. for H.B. 883 was substituted for H.B. 883; the omission continued through various iterations, including the final one, C.S. for C.S. for C.S. for H.B. 883, which became ch. 2011-119.

Florida Department of Business & Professional Regulation: Division of Hotels and Restaurants

Guide to Vacation Rentals - Dwellings

The Division of Hotels and Restaurants provides the following information as a general guide for vacation rental - dwelling licensing in Florida and does not represent this to be all requirements for maintaining a license. For complete information, we recommend you refer to applicable <u>laws</u> and <u>rules</u> and our <u>licensing website</u>.

The following webpage replaces our brochure: DBPR Form HR 5025-753, Guide to Resort Dwelling Licensing.

http://www.myfloridalicense.com/dbpr/hr/licensing/GT_dwellings.html

Division of Hotels and Restaurants 1940 North Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1011

Phone: 850.487.1395 Fax: 850.921.8267